

Thanks for bearing with my handwriting!

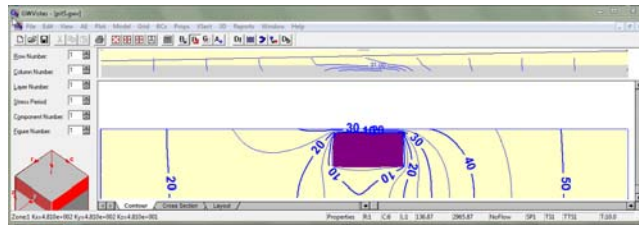
Remember write reports as if a hydrologist that doesn't know about your site or MODFLOW is the reader **BTW If I get a paper with a cut and paste of MODFLOW output I will return it without grading --- and there will be NO "CHANCES" VIA Re-submission. If you cut and paste MODFLOW output in a report the grade will be ZERO**

WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE the HEAD DISTRIBUTION AS FOLLOWS?

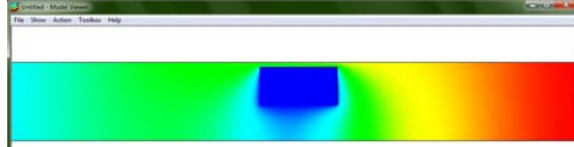
Figure 1: Heads in the aquifer

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	19.27	19.27	19.26	19.26	19.19	18.97	19.68	20.11	20.52	21.89
2	19.27	19.27	19.26	19.26	19.19	18.94	19.68	20.11	20.52	21.89
3	19.27	19.27	19.26	19.26	19.19	18.97	19.68	20.11	20.52	21.89

Or would you prefer:



Or perhaps:



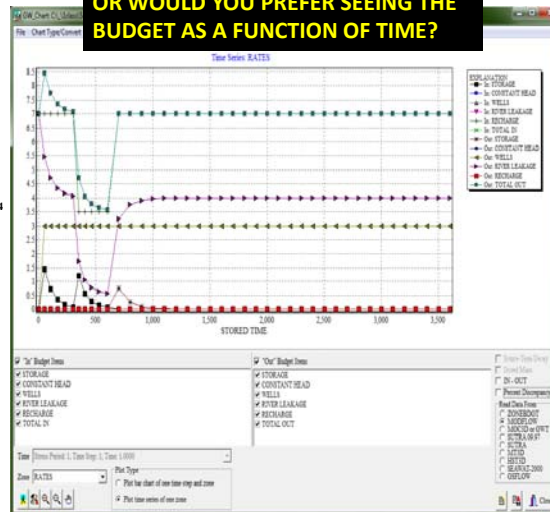
LET ME RE-STATE – VERY IMPORTANT!!! If I get a paper with a cut and paste of MODFLOW output I will return it without grading --- and there will be NO "CHANCES" VIA Re-submission. If you do that the grade is a ZERO

WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE BUDGET AT ONE POINT IN TIME AS FOLLOWS?

Figure 2: You can clearly see the water is going into storage and the river is depleted

CUMULATIVE VOLUMES L**3		RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP L**3/T	
IN:	---	IN:	---
STORAGE = 267.2355	STORAGE = 6.9347E-02	STORAGE = 0.0000	STORAGE = 0.0000
CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0000	CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0000	WELLS = 0.0000	WELLS = 0.0000
WELLS = 0.0000	WELLS = 0.0000	RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.0000	RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.0000
RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.0000	RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.0000	RECHARGE = 3156.8997	RECHARGE = 3.4999
RECHARGE = 3156.8997	RECHARGE = 3.4999	TOTAL IN = 3424.1353	TOTAL IN = 3.5692
TOTAL IN = 3424.1353	TOTAL IN = 3.5692	OUT:	---
OUT:	---	STORAGE = 0.0000	STORAGE = 0.0000
STORAGE = 0.0000	STORAGE = 0.0000	CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0000	CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0000
WELLS = 1800.0000	WELLS = 3.0000	WELLS = 0.0000	WELLS = 0.5694
RIVER LEAKAGE = 1624.1998	RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.5694	RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.0000	RIVER LEAKAGE = 0.0000
RECHARGE = 0.0000	RECHARGE = 0.0000	TOTAL OUT = 3424.1997	TOTAL OUT = 3.5694
TOTAL OUT = 3424.1997	TOTAL OUT = 3.5694	IN - OUT = -6.4453E-02	IN - OUT = -1.5736E-04
IN - OUT = -6.4453E-02	IN - OUT = -1.5736E-04		

OR WOULD YOU PREFER SEEING THE BUDGET AS A FUNCTION OF TIME?



NOTE: ModelMate does not simulate nor calibrate anything
 MODFLOW simulates and
 UCODE calibrates

THERE IS **NO "TIME" IN STEADY STATE**

Transient Work Requires Storage Parameters

S_s is specific storage

Storativity or Storage Coefficient is $S = S_s * \text{thickness}$

Similar to K and Transmissivity

What do you know about values of S?

Generally "small" numbers e.g. typically 1×10^{-7} to 1×10^{-4}

when it approaches 1×10^{-3} we call the formation a semi-confined aquifer

Say you use an S_s of $8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ft}^{-1}$ and the aquifer is 50 ft thick then $S = 0.4$!!!!!

Recall assignment requires multiple transient stress periods (minimum 2)
 In your report, **use a graph to show the stresses and their timing**

Understanding Storage Term in the Budget (think of storage as an external reservoir):

water OUT TO STORAGE occurs when water levels rise

this may be confusing because you picture that water is going into the aquifer

think of it in the way you had to think of it for water budgets in your basic hydro class

$VOL = \Delta h * \text{area of cell} * \text{storage coefficient}$

storage coefficient is SY or S depending on aquifer condition (unconfined/confined)

water IN FROM STORAGE occurs when water levels fall (same formula)

USE CHARTS RATHER THAN TABLES – Take advantage of GWChart

USE RATES rather than CUMULATIVE VOLUME

USE hydrographs – show locations other than pumping wells

must have data saved in output (via .oc file) to use GWChart

What do we mean by Initial Conditions for a Transient run ?

It is not the same as for your steady state model

What are your options for setting these up?

see notes and recall discussion on MAR 30

Transient Modeling and GUIs ASSGN #6 DUE

PDF of class notes [Transient Modeling.pdf](#)

If the model results seem "odd" figure out the cause... Usually it is an input error
 first submission is intended to get you feedback to improve learning and grades
 it was not intended to allow people to be late (although it can rescue you)
 it is highly unusual that you entirely understand your model results the first pass
 generally it takes at least 2 passes

WATCH MASS BALANCES FOR ALL TIMESTEPS!

Often the biggest trouble is on the first time step of a stress period

Why?

How do we improve mass balance?**Closure criteria / # iterations**

How do we control those?

In solver package

Time step size

How do we control those?

In dis package

Period Length - # of steps - timestep multiplier

typically multiplier > 1 (1.1-1.3)

consider magnitude of stress change and size of last step in previous period