

**Physics 521 – Graduate Quantum Mechanics**  
**Homework II, due Wednesday, January 23, 2008 at 8:30 a.m.**

**1. Reading**

G&Y Section 4.2

**2. Momentum space propagator**

Derive an explicit expression for  $\langle \mathbf{p}', t' | \mathbf{p}, t \rangle$ .

**3. Equivalence of propagator and wave mechanics**

Prove that the general propagator satisfies the time-dependent Schrodinger equation

**4. Imaginary time propagator**

Define the partition function as

$$Z = \int d^3x' K(\mathbf{x}', t; \mathbf{x}', 0) |_{\beta=it/\hbar}. \quad (1)$$

Show that the ground state energy  $E_0$  is given by

$$E_0 = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow \infty} -\frac{1}{Z} \frac{\partial Z}{\partial \beta}. \quad (2)$$

Illustrate this for a particle in a one-dimensional box.

*Hint: You may find Sakurai section 2.5 useful.*

**5. Propagator symmetries**

Consider the propagator defined as

$$K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}', t - t') = \langle \mathbf{x} | e^{-i(t-t')\hat{H}/\hbar} | \mathbf{x}' \rangle, \quad (3)$$

i.e.,  $\hat{H} \neq \hat{H}(t)$ .

(a) Show that when the system, i.e., the Hamiltonian, is invariant under spatial translations then the propagator has the property

$$K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}', t - t') = K(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}', \mathbf{x}', t - t'). \quad (4)$$

(b) Show that when the energy eigenfunctions are real, i.e.,  $\psi_E(\mathbf{x}) = \psi_E^*(\mathbf{x})$ , the propagator has the property

$$K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}', t - t') = K(\mathbf{x}', \mathbf{x}, t - t'). \quad (5)$$

(c) Show that when the energy eigenfunctions are also parity eigenfunctions, the propagator has the property

$$K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}', t - t') = K(-\mathbf{x}, -\mathbf{x}', t - t'). \quad (6)$$

(d) Show that the propagator always has the property

$$K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}', t - t') = K^*(\mathbf{x}', \mathbf{x}, t' - t). \quad (7)$$