

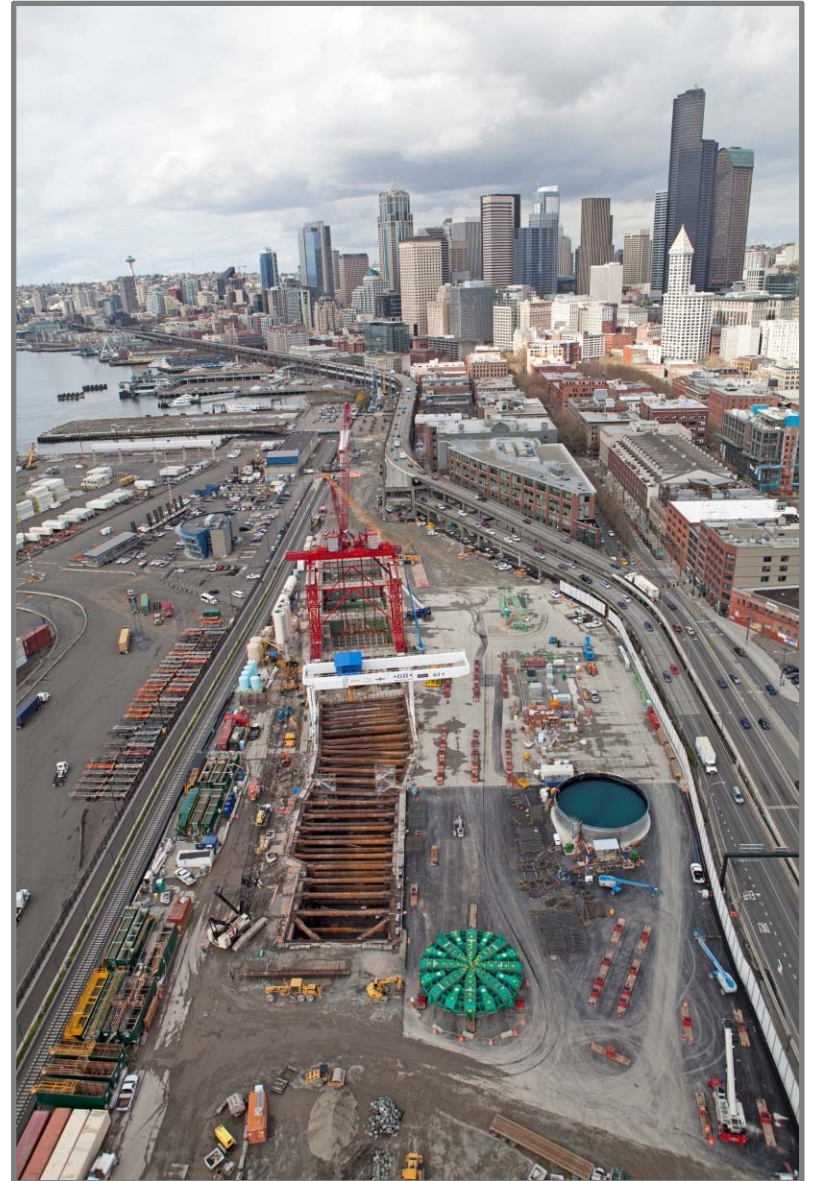
# Alaskan Way Viaduct **REPLACEMENT** PROGRAM



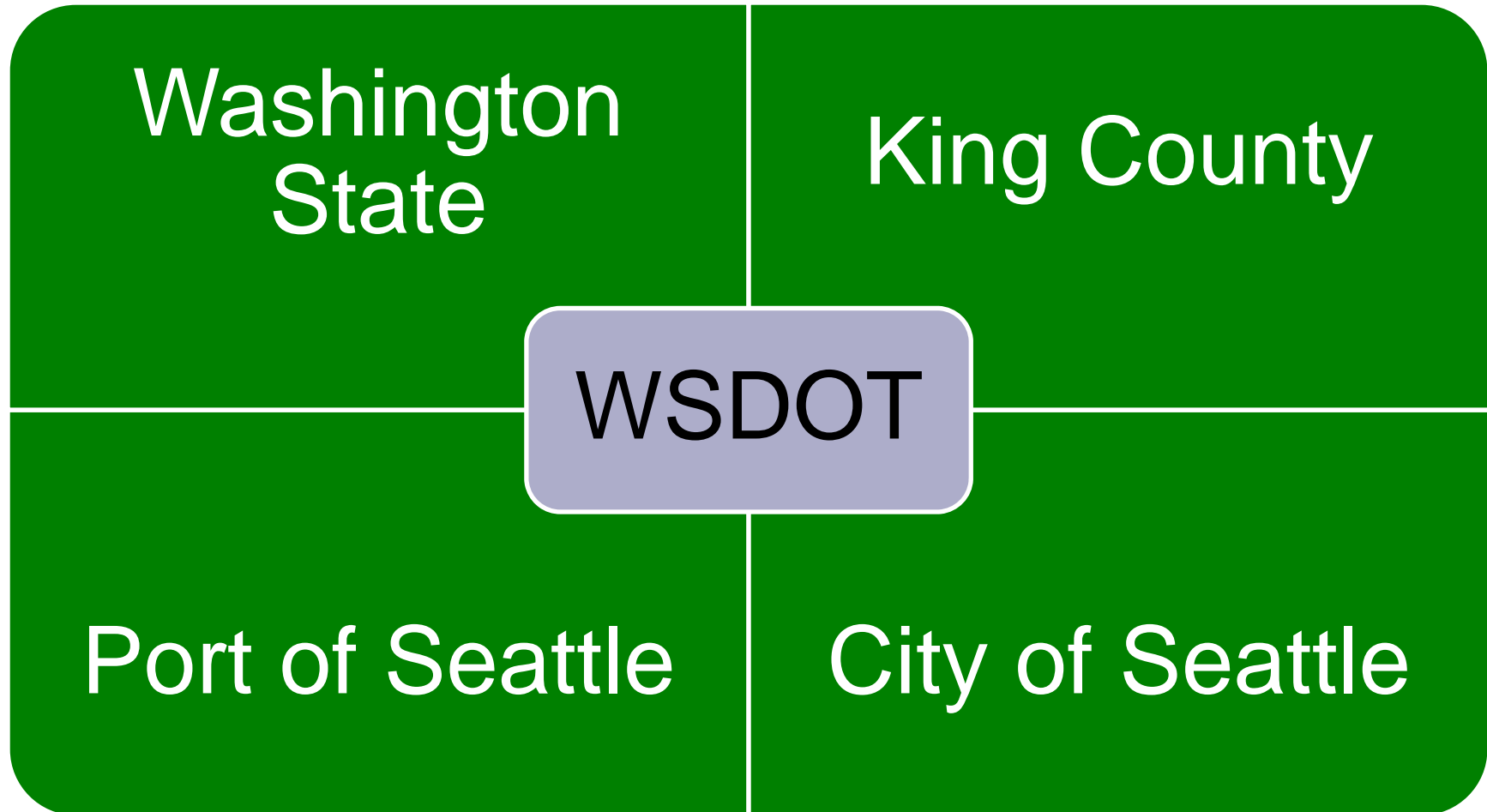
Colorado School of Mines  
Underground Center for Construction and Tunneling  
Nov. 13, 2013

# Presentation Overview

- Design-build contracting.
- SR 99 Tunnel Project.
- Construction partnering.
- Risk management.
- Questions.



## WSDOT Coordination



# SR 99 Tunnel Construction Contracts



South Access Project



North Surface  
Street Connections



SR 99 Tunnel Project



North Access Project

# What is Design-Build Contracting?

**Design-Build** – a method of project delivery in which the owner executes a single contract ***with one entity*** (the Design-Builder) for design and construction services to provide a finished product.

**VS.**

**Design-Bid-Build** – traditional approach for delivery of transportation projects where the owner completes the design and accepts the lowest responsive bid for construction from qualified contractors.



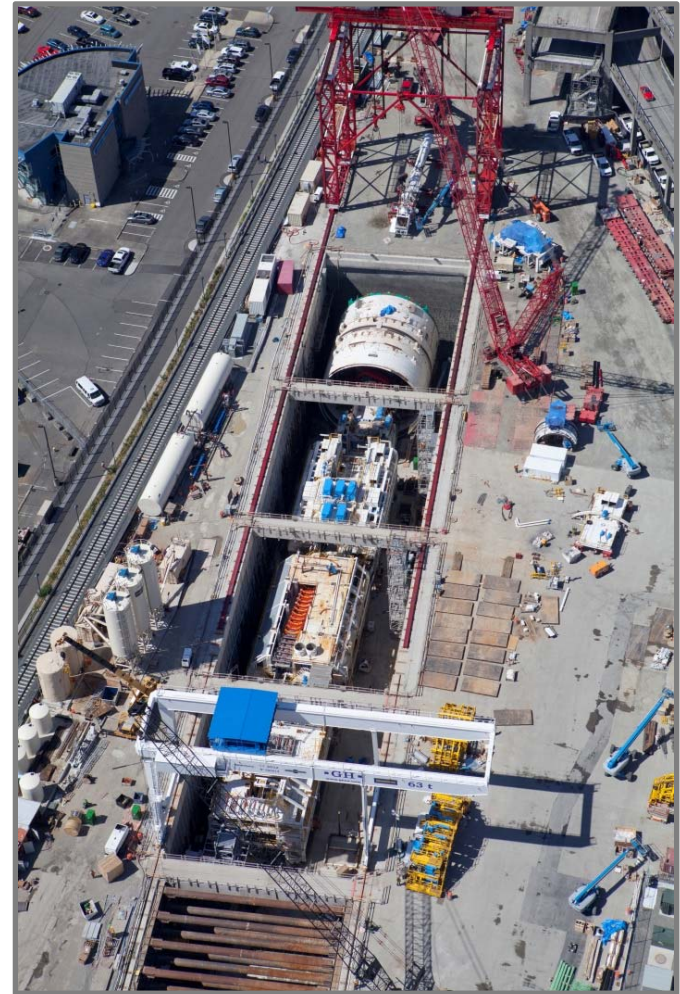
# Design-Build Considerations

## Time

- Allows construction to start without final design of all project elements.
- Design is tailored to contractors means and methods.
- Generally leads to earlier completion date.

## Budget

- Requires fewer owner staff.
- Can lead to earlier cost certainty.
- Errors and omissions not owner's responsibility.
- Additional risk is assigned to contractor.

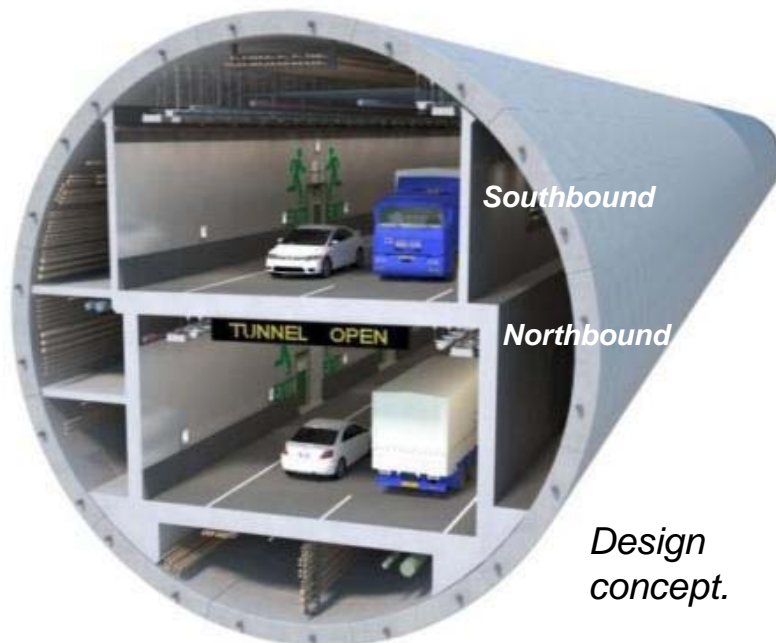


# Design-Build Procurement Process

- **Request for qualifications**
  - Design-Build teams submit statements of qualifications (SOQ).
  - WSDOT evaluates SOQs and ranks based on predetermined scoring approach.
- **Short listed teams notified**
- **Request for Proposals (RFP)**
  - Short listed teams prepare proposals.
  - WSDOT evaluates proposals based on predetermined scoring approach.
- **Best value selection** = 
$$\frac{\text{technical evaluation score} \times \$10,000,000}{\$ \text{ Price Proposal}}$$

## SR 99 Tunnel

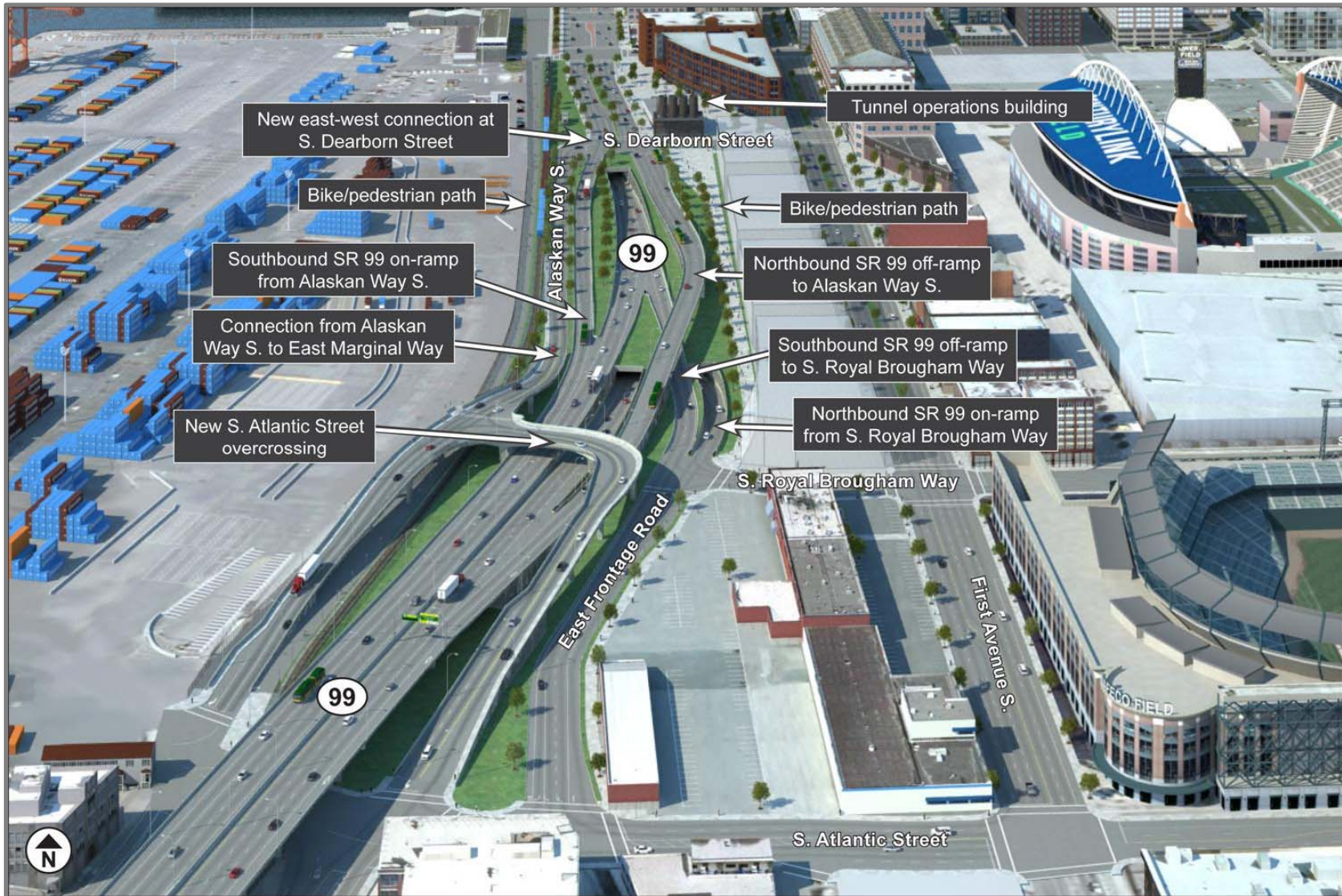
- Approximately two miles long.
- Two lanes with eight-foot safety shoulder in each direction.
- State-of-the-art safety systems.



*Design concept of tunnel interior.*

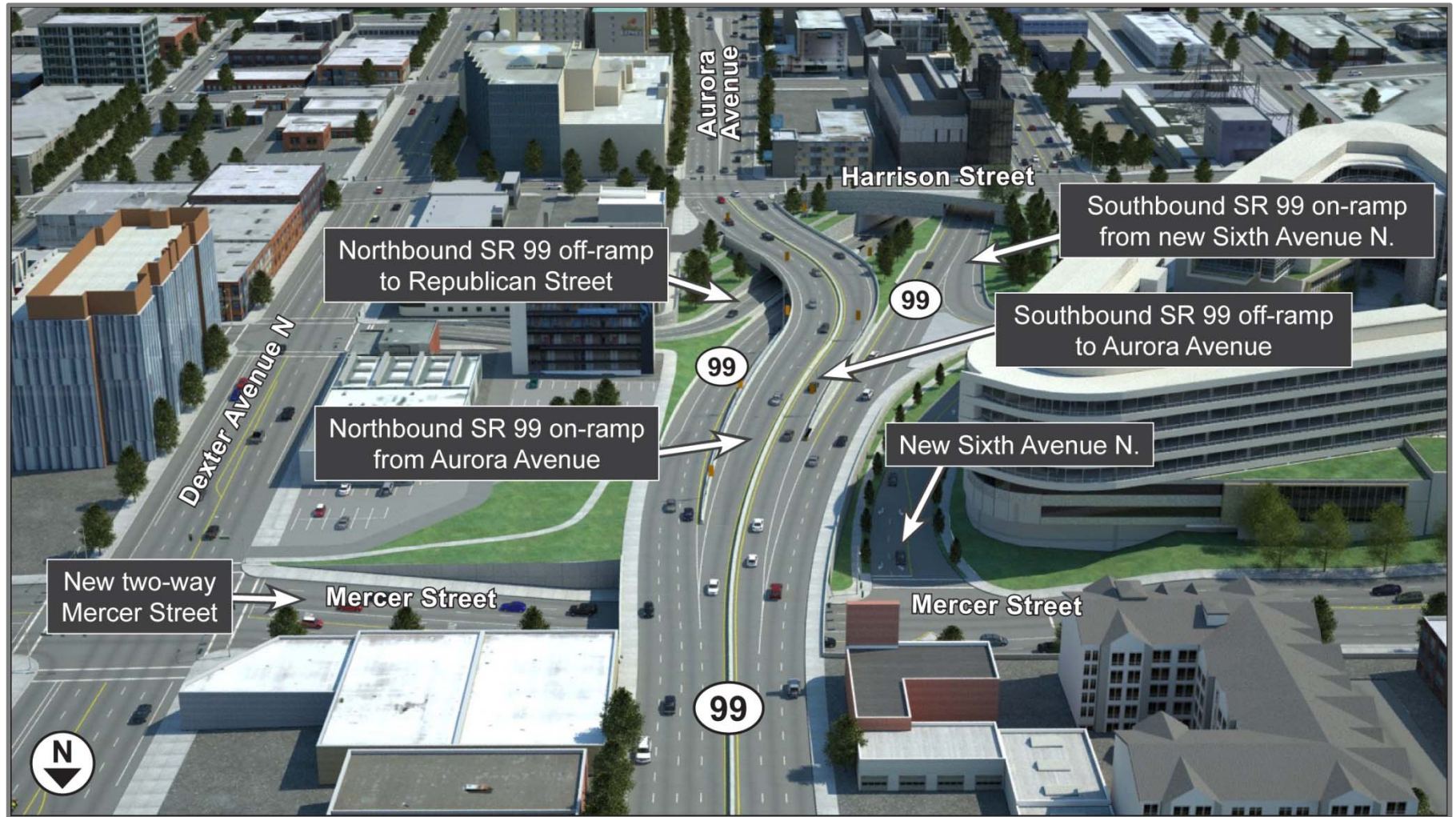


# South Portal Design





# North Portal Design

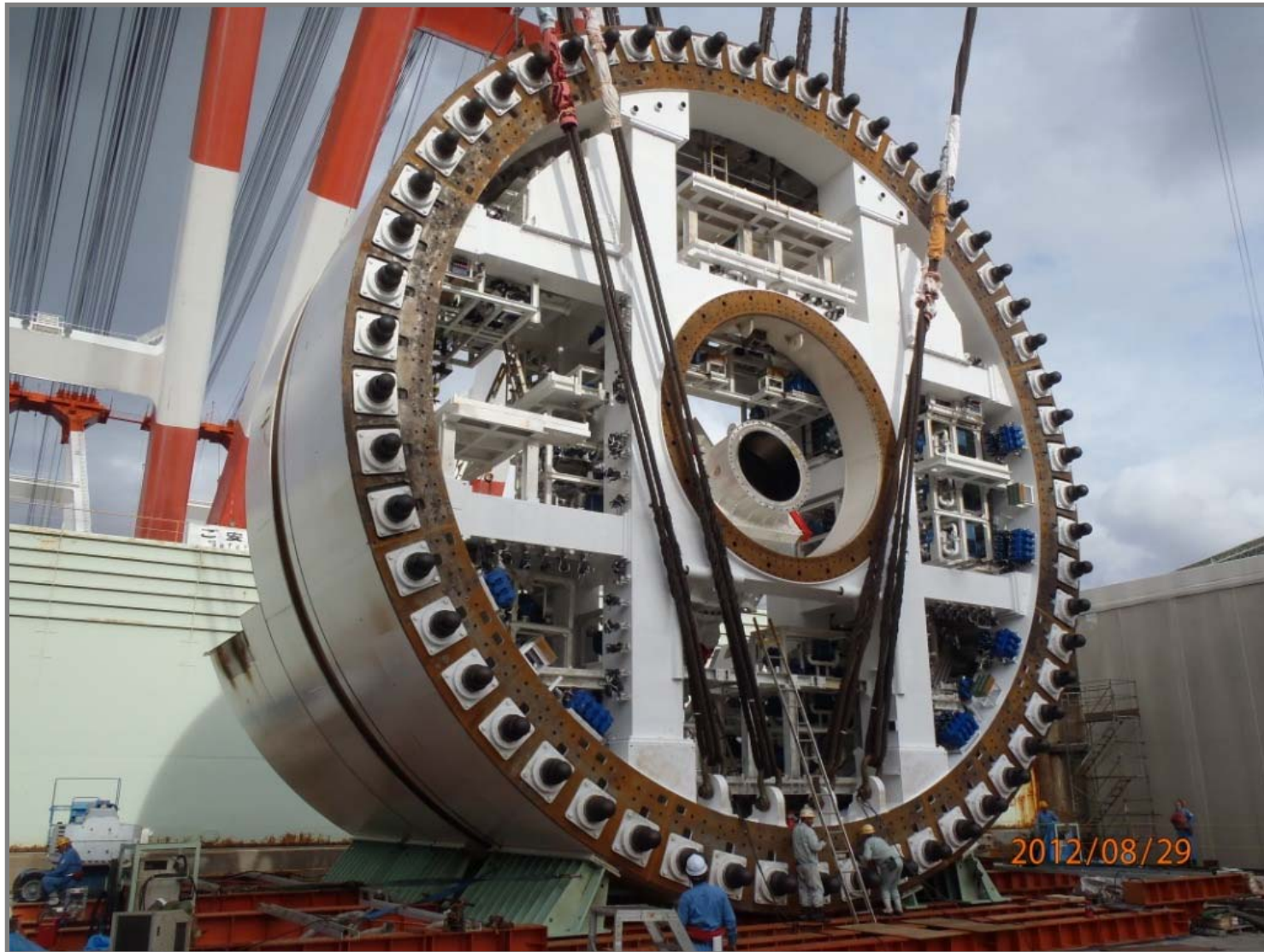


## Building the SR 99 TBM\*





## Building the SR 99 TBM





## Building the SR 99 TBM



## Building the SR 99 TBM

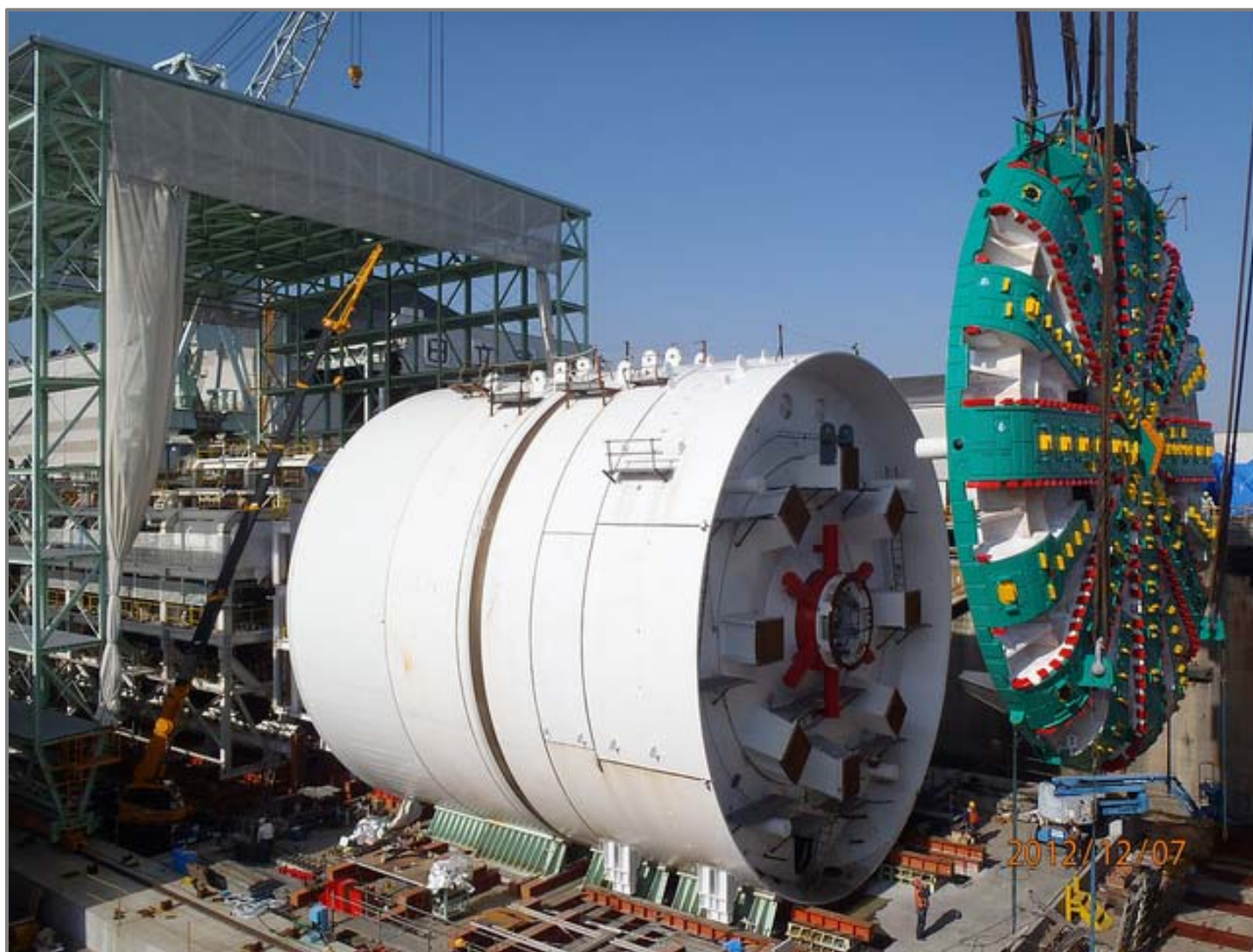




## Building the SR 99 TBM



## Building the SR 99 TBM





## Building the SR 99 TBM



## Building the SR 99 TBM





## Building the SR 99 TBM



## Building the SR 99 TBM





## TBM Arrival in Seattle



## Unloading and Storing the TBM\*





## Unloading and Storing the TBM



## Unloading and Storing the TBM





# Unloading and Storing the TBM



# Unloading and Storing the TBM





# Unloading and Storing the TBM



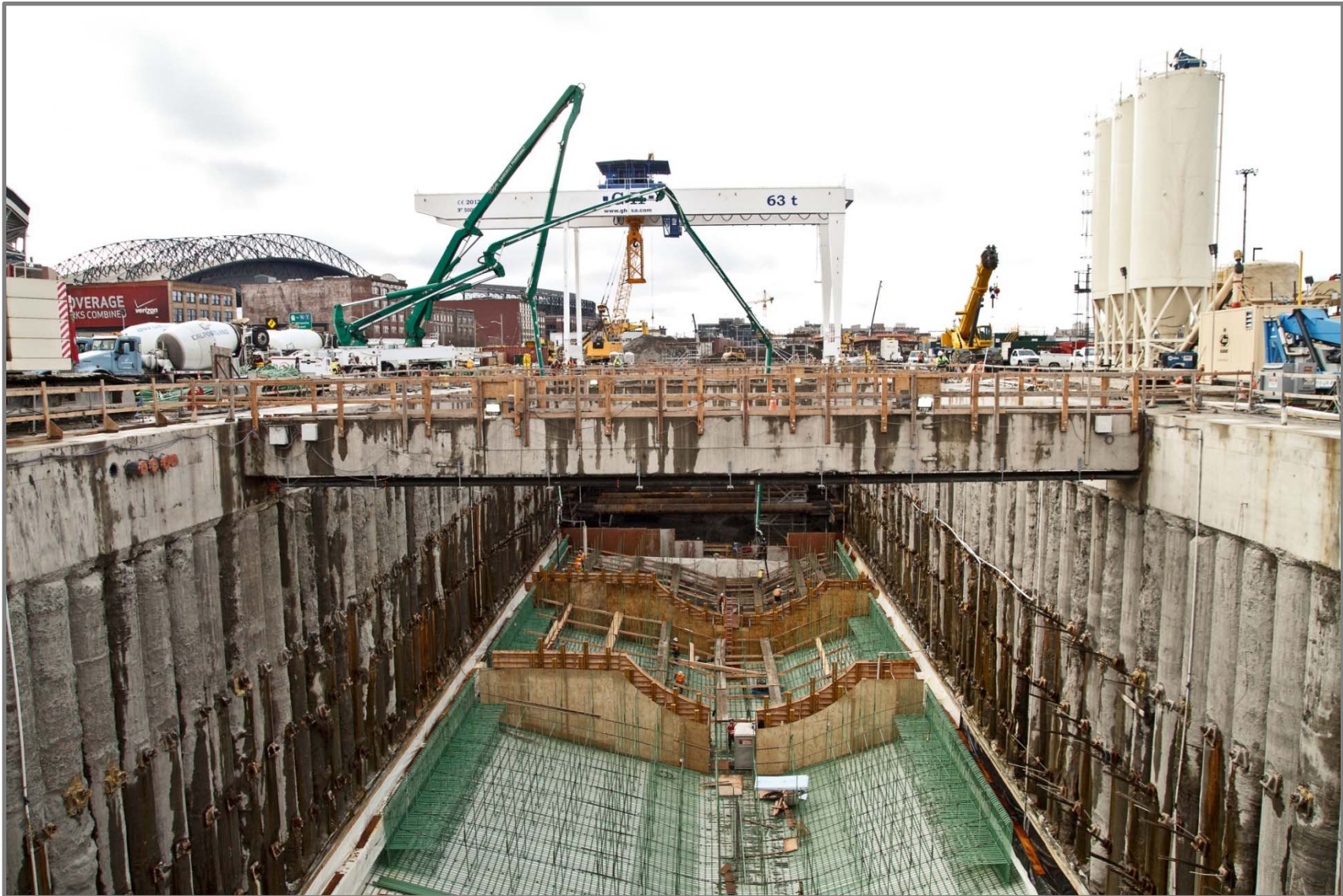


## Excavating the Launch Pit





## Building the Base Slab





## Assembling the SR 99 TBM



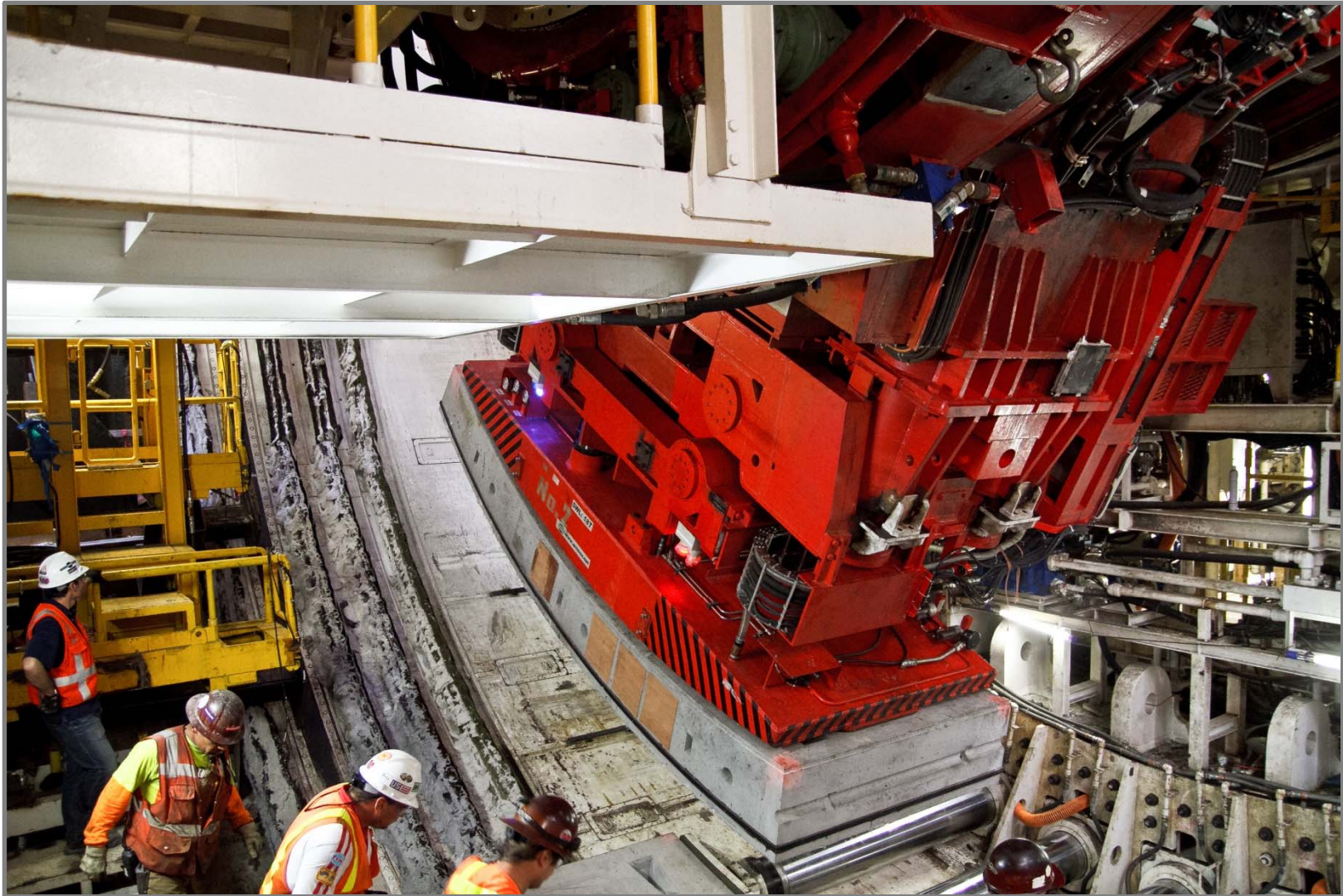


## Lowering the Cutterhead





## Testing the SR 99 TBM





## Inside the TBM's Control Room





# Tunnel Spoils Conveyor Belt





# Manufacturing Tunnel Liner Segments



## Launching the SR 99 TBM

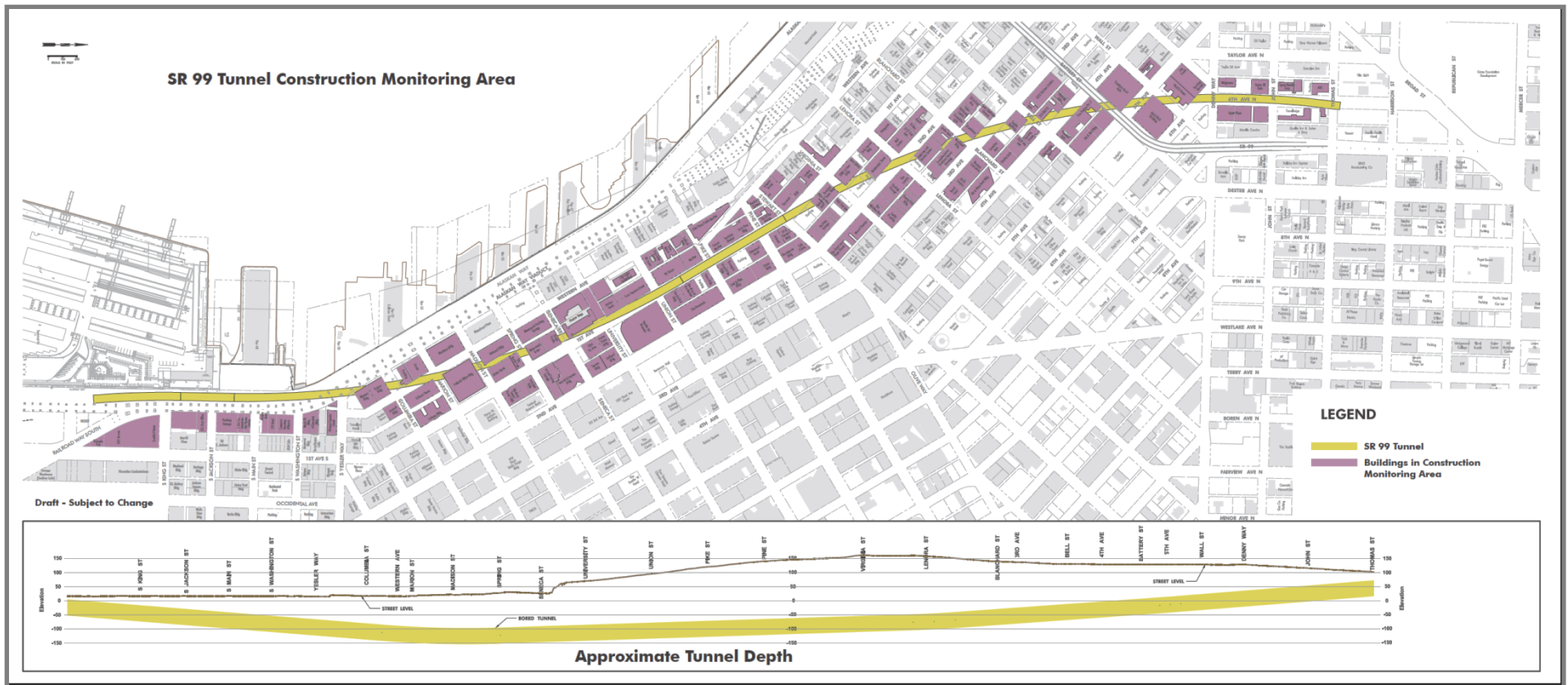




## Inside the SR 99 Tunnel



# Construction Monitoring Area





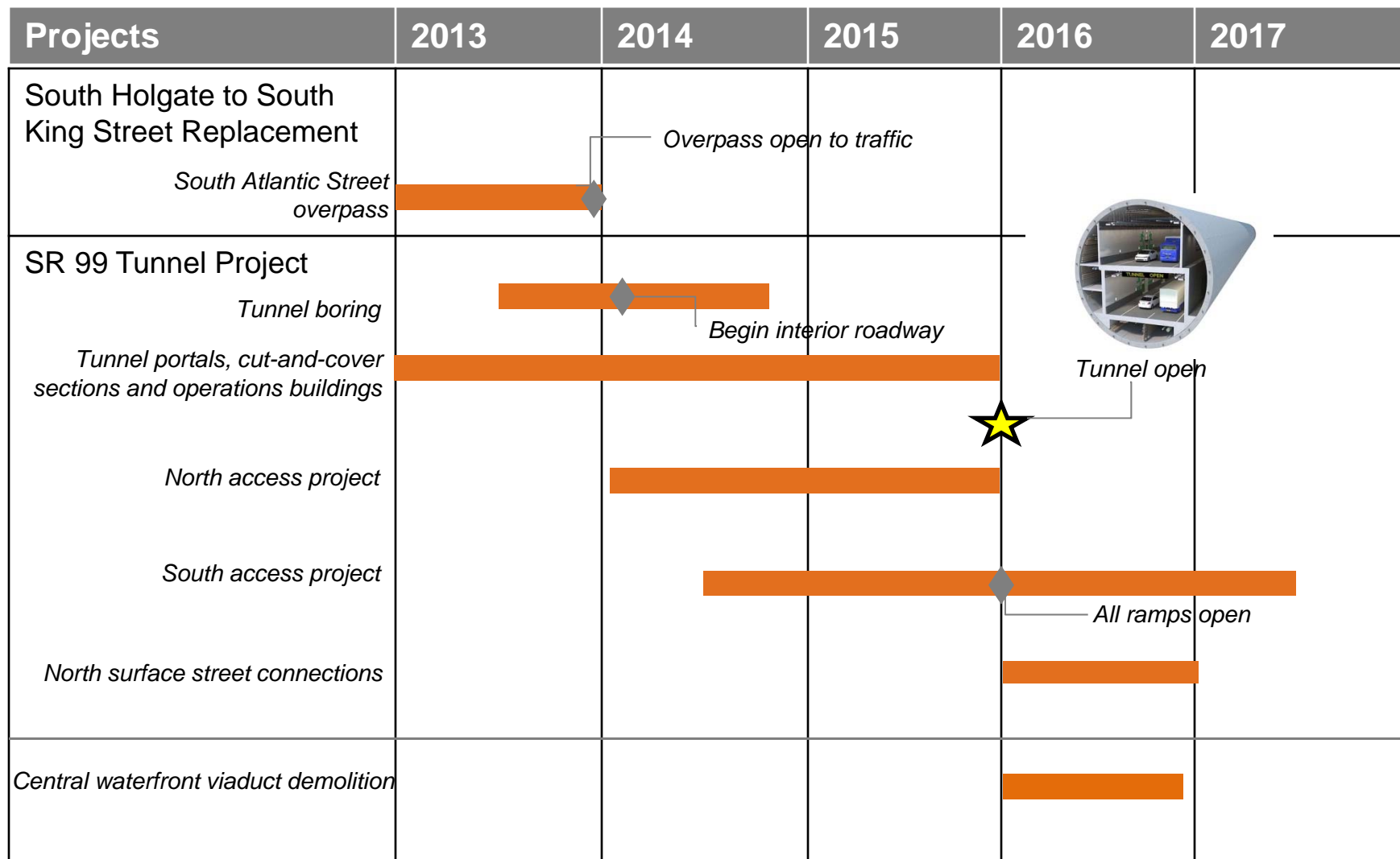
# Protecting Structures Along the Tunnel Route



*Monitoring equipment installed on a rooftop.  
Photo by Soldata.*

- Pre-condition surveys of buildings and utilities.
- Install monitoring equipment on nearly 200 buildings.
- Install 700 instruments under streets and sidewalks to measure any ground changes.
- Track measurements of excavated material as tunnel boring machine progresses.
- Use satellite images to assess any changes in ground condition.

# Construction Timeline



 Construction



# What is Construction Partnering?

- Working together.
- Building relationships.
- Understanding the needs of the other parties' and a philosophy of teamwork.
- Committing to cooperation and communication.
- An attitude of goodwill and trust.
- Sharing risks with a "win-win-win" attitude.



# Construction Partnering Benefits

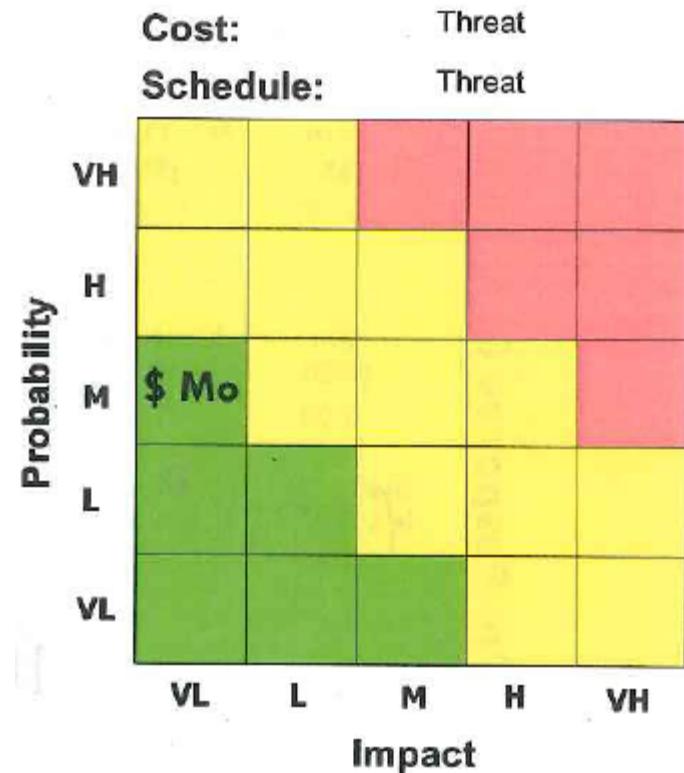
- Total project costs were reduced by 10 percent.
- Profitability increased by 25 percent.
- Overall project completion time was reduced by 20 percent.
- Schedule changes were reduced by 48 percent.





# Managing Risk

- Develop Project Risk Register and Update regularly
- Develop effective contracting structure.
- Account for risks and inflation in estimates.
- Manage project as a strong owner.
- Identify and develop risk management plans.
- Engage experts with national and international tunneling experience in urban environments.
- Take extensive soil samples so the contractor starts with a very good understanding of the soil conditions.





**Website:**

[www.AlaskanWayViaduct.org](http://www.AlaskanWayViaduct.org)

**Twitter:** @BerthaDigsSR99

**Email:**

[viaduct@wsdot.wa.gov](mailto:viaduct@wsdot.wa.gov)

**Hotline:**

1-888-AWV-LINE